



5-17-1918

## The Chester News May 17, 1918

W. W. Pegram

Stewart L. Cassels

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# SAYS CANNOT STARVE ENEMY

New Food Commissioner, Back From Survey of Europe, Goes to Washington to Take Up Work.

The German can't be starved out. The food needs of our allies in Europe require the supreme effort of the United States.

These are the messages taken to President Wilson by Herbert C. Hoover, who is to be the United States Food Commissioner during the war. He arrived from Europe yesterday after a two months' survey of the food situation, and went to Washington at once to lay his report before the President.

Mr. Hoover, who is Chairman of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, was much concerned with conditions in that stricken country, but he brought much more important information regarding the food shortage as it affects Germany and America.

Before he left for Washington Mr. Hoover at the Commission for Relief in Belgium, 120 Broadway, told a Times reporter that the Government of Germany would probably be able to distribute food for an indefinite time on the same scale as it is now distributed. He said the Germans were consuming food on a strictly rationed basis, but that they should "cut loose, and live on a scale much more liberal than now, they would have food enough for at least two years."

"There is only one chance of the German people or the Kaiser's army starving," he said, "is by the crop. If the crops are normal, they can keep on going."

The last reports I had from Germany before I left Europe were that the cattle was practically intact. By that I mean that for a year or more the Germans have been using only the surplus of the herd, keeping the base of the herd intact.

Mr. Hoover was reminded that he had been quoted by a Cabinet officer in Washington as reporting that the Germans had food enough to last for two years. He was asked if he meant that the Germans would have food at the end of two years.

"If the understanding that the German would have no food at the end of two years was gained from what I said, it was incorrect," he said. "What I meant was that if the Germans went right ahead and ate all the livestock and the corn crop, of what they have, the present food supply would last two years. It is not to be supposed the Germans are going to do that."

Mr. Hoover refused to talk about his plan for handling America's food problems until he had conferred with President Wilson and the Council of National Defense. He did say, when asked whether he would propose for this country the German plan of dividing the crop into twelve parts and allowing only one part to be used in a month, that the suggestion in the German Empire was not comparable to that in the United States from the food standpoint.

He gave the reporter to understand that he favored the German plan, the gardens that could be planted.

# GERMAN FARMERS' VAULT EXPLODES

Mysterious Explosion Occurs in Germany, Corde, Ga., Where Body Had Laid For More Than Five Years.

Corde, Ga., May 4.—A blown completely open by the force of an unexplained explosion, the vault containing the remains of E. O. Offenberg, at Sunnyside cemetery, was badly damaged here Sunday afternoon. The explosion occurred about dusk Sunday afternoon. The body of Mr. Offenberg had been interred for a period of more than five years. Those who heard the explosion described it as being similar to the report of a revolver or the blow-out of an automobile tire, though the sound was muffled.

The hermetically sealed marble receiving vault in which the body was interred was blown open by the explosion, and a large vault and monument, weighing 2,500 pounds, was displaced, the monument being thrown from its base to the ground. The explosion was of terrific force. On all sides of the grave the earth was pulverized and bulged by the explosion. The Government of Germany has been notified of the explosion.

Ladies who had gone to the cemetery to place flowers were attracted by the explosion and saw a cloud of dust rising from the grave. They were much frightened by the strange affair and immediately reported it to members of the cemetery committee who reside in Corde.

F. Offenberg was a farmer of this county at the time of his death. He was a well-known citizen and was buried in a metal casket and was buried in a vault.

No cause has yet been assigned for the annual explosion. It is certain that the explosion did not come from any outside cause. According to local undertakers and physicians examining the vault, it was known to contain the remains of stout persons within a few months after burial and while the body was in a state of putrefaction. Such explosions are explained, were caused by the phosphoric acid in the human body, since Mr. Offenberg was buried by no means of large stature and his burial had occurred more than five years ago.

Members of the Offenberg family will have a thorough investigation made.

# AMERICANS IN GERMANY.

Required to Report Daily to Police Stations.

Copenhagen, May 4.—Word has been received here from Americans in Berlin that the German military authorities have issued orders that Americans now are to be regarded as hostile foreigners and are required to report daily to the police.

They may not leave their homes between 10 o'clock in the morning, nor in case they are residents of Berlin, may they leave the police limits.

This action by the German Government is regarded here as virtually the end of the American mission in Germany. It is a complete breach of the promise of the German Government to the United States.

strength of the Allies. The mission was to continue to prepare to strengthen the manœuvre of our Allies, to furnish money and to devote every ounce of energy to offsetting the loss of ships. There is no use in disputing the fact that the food production of our Allies is also like that of our enemies, decreasing from similar causes. The 1917 harvest of France, of England, and of Italy will be the lowest in recent history.

# SAYS PERIL IN RUSSIA IS WORKMEN'S COUNCIL

Walling Deprecates Suggestion of If He or Any Other Socialist's Name for Russian Minister.

Greenwich, Conn., May 3.—William English Walling, one of the foremost Socialists of America and an authority on Russia, said today that the suggestion of his name as a member to be appointed for the Russian mission to be headed by Edgar Root was unwarranted. He does not consider that any Socialist should be sent, holding to the view that labor-unions representative would be preferable. He believes that he can do more by staying at home to combat the arguments of the pro-Germans in the Socialist Party in America.

The Russian problem is explained in the following statement made by him for the New York Times.

"Many of the newspapers entirely misconceive the Russian danger. They doubt if the majority of the Russian people are supporting the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Deputies, which seems to be running the country in place of the Duma and the Provisional Government. This danger is wholly misapprehended. In order to show what the real menace is, let us state in a few words the situation of the Russian population is composed.

"Eighty per cent. of the Russian nation is composed of peasants. They are a Communist body, based on equal surface, peasants will control it. They will undoubtedly be the majority of the Russian people. The Duma, which is elected on an extremely under-represented suffrage. On the other hand, it is equally certain that the Russian people will not support the Council of Workmen's Deputies, which represents approximately another 15 per cent. of the population and the remaining 5 per cent. are composed of the middle and upper classes.

"The peasants control the voting power of the nation and compose at least 80 per cent. of the army. The workers, on the other hand, absolutely control the output of ammunition and military supplies, as well as the railroads, by which not only the supplies, but the food, which the whole nation must feed from, must be transported.

"In a word, the immediate menace in Russia is almost wholly military, and the Provisional Government cannot control it. It is in a position to take a referendum of the peasants from the week on all the great questions that arise.

"I have said little of the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Deputies, which control the whole of Russia's industry and the whole of her military power. By their control of the large cities they also dominate the centers of political government and the Duma is left with little power to organize Russia's army, it is not necessary that they should have the support of a majority of the Russian people, they can control the whole of Russia's industry and the whole of her military power.

"It is then absolutely necessary to conciliate the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Deputies. Fortunately they are not so enthusiastically supporting the Provisional Government, in the last few days, but it has not ceased its work of disorganizing the army for a long time.

over, it stands practically unanimously for the peace terms advocated by the Provisional Government. Austria over since the beginning of the war; a return to the status quo existing before the war, and no 'anarchisms, no 'indemnities.' This would leave all the subject-populations of Germany, Austria, and Turkey in the same helpless condition they were in before the war and would leave the population of Belgium to pay for the entirely unnecessary destruction brought to the country by the war.

Our American editors, caught up in the excitement of the Russian revolution, are not so much as they are. In Russia is military, and not political, and it is pressing. No matter how much we may pretend the wisdom of the Provisional Government and Soldiers' Deputies, it would be insanity and suicide for the Entente and the United States to refuse to recognize its power.

# TECHNICAL MEN ARE NEEDED BY MARINES

Washington, May 6.—The Marine Corps is especially in need of technical men—men experienced in electrical, mechanical, civil and automobile engineering. The Corps is looking for men who have acquired such technical training as to be able to take up the work of the Corps in the field. The Corps is looking for men who have acquired such technical training as to be able to take up the work of the Corps in the field.

# PRESERVE EGGS FOR BETTER PRICES

If the Following Points Are Kept in Mind in Putting Away Your Eggs You Will Be Able to Keep Them Indefinitely.

There are a good many commercial egg preservatives offered for sale, but the housewife may use the method of putting them away in water glass of lime water with perfect success, if she will observe the directions given below.

1. Water glass is a very cheap and simple preservative. It is made by procuring at \$1 a gallon, and one gallon will make enough solution to preserve 50 dozen eggs, so that the cost of materials for this method will be only about 2 cents a dozen.

Water glass (sodium silicate) has been extensively used with solutions varying from 2 per cent. to 10 per cent. On the whole, solutions of 2 per cent. to 6 per cent. (2 pounds to one gallon) are best. In 10 gallons of water have given better results than stronger solutions. This can be brought at drug stores in powder form, and it is best to keep it in a tight rubber bottle. It is under the name of egg preservative.

2. To use a large quantity of eggs, it is best to use a large quantity of water glass. It is good but not as good as water glass. To prepare this time was used 10 pounds of water glass in 100 gallons of water. The result was a very simple solution. The result was a very simple solution.

3. If water glass is used, eggs may be sealed at any time they are secured. 4. If wooden kegs or barrels are used to pack the eggs in, they should first be thoroughly scalded with boiling water to sweeten and purify them. A stone jar or crock, however, is to be preferred.

5. None but perfectly fresh, inferior eggs should be preserved. The sooner the eggs are placed in the preservative after being laid and cooled, the better the result.

6. Do not use eggs that have been soiled and washed, for by doing you injure their keeping quality, probably by washing off the natural coating on the outside of the shell.

7. Play eggs, small and down, in jars and put the solution over them, cover with a layer of straw.

8. Eggs should be kept completely submerged throughout the whole period of their preservation.

9. Keep the eggs in a cool, dark place. A dry cell cellar is best. If they are kept in two warm places, they will be spoiled.

# WOMEN AND WATER

Let us urge on woman readers the necessity of the appeal for making a boy or girl "water" the forming of habits not to be abandoned later. We object to the reservation of "water" for valid reasons. Some dry-headed men who grew up in New England remember the custom that prevailed in many families of making a boy or girl "water" the forming of habits not to be abandoned later. We object to the reservation of "water" for valid reasons.

# ENVOYS DISCUSS SENDING ARMY

Question of Big Guns for United States Forces Weighed at Meeting, Balfour Attending.

Washington, May 5.—Mr. Balfour and all the other leading members of the British mission joined this afternoon in what is regarded as the first general war conference with American officials.

The Americans who met with them included the Council of National Defense, made up of the Secretary of War, the Navy, the Army, the Agriculture, and the Interior; the heads of the War Department, including General Dyer, the Ordnance, the Quartermaster, General Sharpe, Judge Advocate General, and Adj. Gen. McChesney.

The discussion lasted nearly two hours. It is understood that the British mission will be in the United States for some time.

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# AMERICAN INVENTED GAS THE ALLIES USE

Baltimore, May 6.—It became known here today that the lecher, or tear gas used by the Allies is the invention of Dr. Robert W. Wood, a chemist of the Johns Hopkins University. Dr. Wood sent the formula for it to a friend, Professor Cotton, in Paris, and it was turned over to the French War Department. Dr. Wood is a member of the Naval Consulting Board's submarine sub-committee.

# CRIPPLES TAKEN TO FIGHT IN WAR

During the latter part of the War between the States, when it became necessary for the officials of the Government to exert to secure to get certain classes of men to serve, who endeavored to lay the responsibility of fighting upon the most crippled of the men of that day, conscription camps were established at several points throughout the country. These camps were the forerunners of the conscription camps of today.

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First United States Uniforms, to be Seen in France, Will Be Finest of Medical Corps—Will Practice With British Forces Until Our Men Arrive.

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First United States Uniforms, to be Seen in France, Will Be Finest of Medical Corps—Will Practice With British Forces Until Our Men Arrive.

Washington, May 4.—The first American uniforms that will appear in the trenches and on the European battlefields will bear the wands, the stethoscopes and the surplices of the Medical Corps' insignia. The physicians and surgeons of the country are ready, and within a week they will begin to go abroad at the rate of 200 a month to serve with the British troops at the front until the earliest contingents of the American soldiers arrive in France. This has been decided at the request of the ranking medical officer of the British army, and the service of the doctors will be the first part of the American contribution to the war effort.

War was declared last month, but it has been a year since the medical profession of the country began to prepare for it. And the results, to the present moment, so far as they can be indicated by figures, are that 21,000 of the doctors of the United States are enrolled for military service, and 8,000 of them already have received their commissions as surgeons and medical officers in the army. This means, figuring on the basis of the average of the war, that every thousand of troops, that with 21,000 physicians and surgeons enrolled the country is medically prepared to care for 210,000 men. The 8,000 already commissioned are sufficient for an army of something more than a million.

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# WOULD INVOLVE CAPITAL

Riotous Defense Men at Charge of Conspiracy.

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New York, May 5.—Indications the defense will seek to prove that the preparation of members of labor's national peace council, charged with conspiring to disrupt the munition business in this country, was brought about by a conspiracy of great capitalists enterprises engaged in that line, were focused in the trial here today of Capt. Franz Rintel, of the German navy, and seven of the defendants in the case.

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# MAY BRING SOME RELIEF

Attorney General Passes on Automobile License Matter.



# The Semi-Weekly News

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TUESDAY, MAY 8.



AUTHORITY SHOULD BE GRANTED.

It is to be hoped that Congress will grant President Wilson authority to handle the price of food stuffs in this country, with the least possible delay. There is no doubt as to the scarcity of staples, but to the mind of those who have kept in close touch with the food situation, as outlined in the press, there is a great amount of speculation taking place in this country, which, in all probability has very much to do with the high prices now prevailing.

When the shortage is taken into consideration it is reasonable that advances along many lines are legitimate but the advances on many things are not in keeping with the supply and unless Congress grant the President authority to handle the situation there are thousands of heartless capitalists who will bleed the masses to a finish.

From statistics published, there is also absolutely no necessity for the present advance in the cost of coal and the government officials, to our mind, have already proven that the price of coal is being set by a trust. Unless authority is granted the government to handle the situation there will be untold suffering in this country next winter due to the illegitimate price of coal. The proper time to handle this situation is now. Congress should not wait until another winter sets in before taking the matter under advisement.

The people of this section have business in it to represent the people and it would be advisable for them to hear from us along these various lines.

## THE NEW ARMY.

Before the greater American army is raised the council of national defense is expected to publish a list of those trades that can best spare men for the army, or a list of those which should not deplete their industrial forces. The labor committee of the advisory committee of the council of national defense held a conference in Washington with labor union representatives at which plans were formulated for taking stock of the labor resources of the country.

The United States expects to profit by the experience of England and France, where in the rush of raising the first big armies men were taken from trades upon which the efficient conduct of the war depended, and it was found that the nation would have been better off if some of the trained and skilled artisans had remained in their factories. Even in England there was a letting down of labor regulations which resulted in an impairment of output that the eight-hour day of rest were restored.

In connection with the uncertainty of what trades can best spare men for war, President Ralph Peck of the Long Island railway recently issued a statement to his employees in which he said that trained railway workers would be of more service to the country in keeping the roads in efficient operation than they would be in the army or navy.

The first call for 500,000 men will make a severe drain upon some of our industries, and in the early stage of preparation of the country, the authority in Washington should make sure that the industries the country needs to conduct the war most vigorously will not be crippled.

## NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

By mutual consent, Dr. H. B. Malone has withdrawn from the firm of Pryor, Malone, Henries and McFadden. All accounts due by the firm will be paid by S. W. Pryor and all accounts due the firm will likewise be paid by him.

S. W. PRYOR.

## RUSSIAN CRISIS

### SAFELY PASSED

Latvia's new Declaration is Accepted as Satisfactory to Soldiers and Workmen.

Pedroiged, Friday, May 4, via London, May 6.—The controversy between the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Delegation and the Provisional Government that for the last 24 hours had threatened serious consequences in which, in fact, the fate of the Nation and possibly of the war were involved, has been settled.

Prince Tsereteli, speaking before a tremendous assembly of soldiers and workmen, declared that the Government had prepared a new declaration, confirming its foreign policy which in a direct language and corresponded to the proclamation of April 9, and embodied the views of the proletariat.

When the speaker declared that the temporary Government had acquiesced itself of the charge brought against it by explaining in "concrete terms" what it meant by the vague form of yesterday's declaration, a great cheer arose from the assembly and lasted for several minutes. It apparently voiced the relief which all present felt at the solution of the "major" serious difficulty which confronted the country since the revolution.

Prince Tsereteli then, read the new declaration sent the council by the Government, and explained that the trouble was over and that, the Provisional Government would remain in power. Democracy, he announced and continued cheering had won a great victory. The speaker went on to explain that the principal exception which the council had taken to the recent note of the Government was the phrase, "war to the victorious conclusion" which he asserted, was an unfortunate expression since it was identical with the formula used often by the "old" regime with quite a different aim.

"Now that the question has been settled here," said Prince Tsereteli, "our aim, war without annexations, expropriations or contributions, also must be realized abroad. We must know the attitude of the democracy of our Allies. If a similar movement takes place in the foreign democracies, this will bring peace nearer, and also the avowed aims of the democracies with whom we are allied."

"The situation yesterday was most serious for the whole country. We do not yet know what the Government meant. Conflict seemed unavoidable, but the Government refused that it must respect our determination. By this acknowledgment, the Government has shown that it deserves the trust of the democracy."

"The conflict is now settled, and we must go on quietly with our work. We must inform all our comrades that the trouble is over and that of the new victory of democracy, and that the Government is standing firmly in its original position. This council appeals to the people to unite around it."

M. Stankevitch, Social Democrat who was the next speaker, said: "The crisis occurred on account of a misunderstanding. The atmosphere pervading the Marinsky Palace is quite different from that in the factories and other works, but yesterday we went in a mass to the meeting place of the temporary Government and put a fresh current into it. The result of our labor has been the new act of the temporary Government."

"The vague form in which the Government's note was composed, causing us to lose two valuable days, is a line where it is necessary to work every hour, every minute. But these two days have served to show us our own lack of organization. The mass has yet come to take the management into our own hands. A coalition ministry is not the watchword of today, but of tomorrow."

"The force is ours, and we can overthrow the Government when we wish. But the question is, have we the right to do this? We represent only the workmen and soldiers, not all Russia."

## TWO DROWNED.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 6.—Greswell Trawick and Earl Davis, both 17 years of age, were drowned, and Charles A. Noyes, narrowly escaped death when a passing steamer, carrying a boat in which they were riding, took.

## PRaises CHESTER

Editor The News:

As I have been requested by many Old Veterans and ladies to write an account of Chester's recent reunion, the grandest and most successful one ever held in our State I will try to give them a short account of this grand reunion which I hope to see published in your valuable paper.

On Tuesday morning, in your beautiful and bustling city we found it crowded with Veterans, sons of Veterans, sponsors, made of Veterans, and others generally. By Wednesday noon the crowd was estimated at 5000-6000 to 5000. There was about 600 Veterans and a large number of sons, sponsors and maid of honor registered on the books of the entertaining committee.

On the arrival of every train, the committee of reception was there and took charge of the Veterans, conveying them to headquarters where they were then taken to the homes assigned them. There those bighearted and loyal people greeted us with a warm welcome, their open hearts and hands during our stay in the city. They told us they were proud to have in their homes the honored remnant of the grandest army that ever marched to battle. "You old soldiers are ours. Your fathers are our fathers, our people your people. Our God is your God. Everyone is a true hero and we do ourselves honor in honoring you."

The first meeting of the reunion was held in the Opera House at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning. The decorations in this grand auditorium were just great. Upon the stage were seated all the reunion officials, honored guests, city officials, newspaper reporters and the Colby band. To say the least I think this was the most pleasant and enjoyable reunion I ever attended. Every old Veteran seemed to be in his glory. Plenty of everything that was nice to eat and to drink. Fine cigars to smoke and places to rest.

Every section of the convention was held with a crowded house, and much interest was manifested. Many of the Veterans wore the regular Confederate uniforms. There were beautiful camp banners and several old battle flags that had floated over many bloody battle fields, showing marks of shot and shell. In the show windows of several large business houses there were large collections of all kinds of war relics contributed by Veterans from all over the State. The relics were viewed with great interest all day long by thousands of both old and young. I would be glad to describe them but time and space forbid.

Wednesday, the last day of the reunion, there was a grand parade. Owing to the heat and the age of some of the Veterans there were more than 1000 Veterans in the parade and nearly as many sons of Veterans, sponsors, maid of honor, by scouts, city officials and honored guests. The parade was led by the band with Governor Manning and staff at its head. The streets long the line of march was lined with thousands of witnesses the parade.

The grand ball given by the city to the sponsors, maid of honor and the sons was held Wednesday night. This closed the grandest reunion ever given in the State.

Well done, brave and noble Chester. Long may it prosper.

J. H. N. White Oak, S. C.

Must Wait For Pay.

Columbia, May 6.—That the form of chief game warden of South Carolina, A. A. Richardson, is without authority to pay the attaches of his office to draw warrants for meeting the rest of the hold-up opinion by Claude N. Sapp, assistant attorney general, in two opinions rendered March 8. Office employees can not be paid out of the game protection fund or from the legislative appropriation until Mr. Richardson's successor is appointed and qualifies, rules Mr. Sapp.

The assistant attorney general expresses sympathy for the plight of the office employees, and suggests that the matter may be straightened out by legislative action or by action of the claims committee.

## A REMOVER.

We have just received a shipment of Johnson's Carbon Remover. Carbon in your automobile engine means waste of gasoline and loss of power. Johnson's Carbon Remover is guaranteed to remove the carbon without any inconvenience whatever. Just pour a little of it in the cylinders and it does the work.

## A. H. WHERRY JR.

### WHITE OAK NEWS.

White Oak, May 7th.—This section was blessed on last Friday with the first general rain, that has fallen here since the opening of the season. Our lands were getting very dry and hard. Much of the seed could not grow. Blizz the mule we are having.

## ATTENTION!

### CONFEDERATE VETERANS

Low round-trip rates, convenient regular train schedules with through coaches and sleepers, will be provided for the convenience and comfort of Veterans, Sons, Daughters and friends accompanying them traveling to the Annual Reunion.

Mr. T. G. Patrick is attending the A. R. P. Presbytery at Charlotte this week.

Mr. W. T. Johnson, has returned home from a Chester hospital where he underwent several serious operations. She is getting along nicely at this time.

Measles, Daniel Hall and W. B. Dixon returned to Manning, S. C.

Mr. J. L. Ray has been very unwell for several days, but is now improving.

Born to Capt. and Mrs. T. D. Moore, April 8th, a son, Thomas Donley, Jr.

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## THE RODMAN-BROWN CO.

You can save a Dollar and more here on a pair of our New Pumps at \$3.50 to \$4.50 a pair.

We are showing patent kidskin with turn soles and leather Louis heels at \$3.50.

Also same style in dull kid with leather Louis heels at \$3.50.

French kid colonial pumps, with leather Louis heels at 4.50.

Choice styles for street and dress wear, strictly first-grade shoes that compare favorably with some \$25.00 sell elsewhere at from \$5.00 to \$6.00 regularly, we have all sizes, \$3.50 to \$4.50 a pair.

Shoes for Misses and Children

FOR DRESS, SCHOOL, AND GENERAL WEAR.

One strap slippers of white canvas, black, gun metal, patent leather, tan, calf and white buck skin, \$1.00 to \$3.50.

According to size and material.

The Rodman-Brown Co.

Washington, D.C.

JUNE 4th to 8th

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"The Progressive Railway of the South"

OFFICIAL ROUTE

of the

SOUTH CAROLINA VETERANS

Special train, with through sleepers and coaches, will be operated Sunday, June 3rd, on the following schedule:

Schedule

Leave Asheville 4:30 P. M. Fare Round-trip \$11.15

Leave Greenville 5:00 P. M. June 3rd

Leave Cross Hill 5:30 P. M. 10:25 June 3rd

Leave Clinton 5:55 P. M. 10:30 June 3rd

Leave Whittemore 6:20 P. M. 10:35 June 3rd

Leave Chester 6:55 P. M. 9:10 June 3rd

Arrive Washington 8:00 A. M. June 4th

Tickets on sale June 2nd to 7th, inclusive. Good extending until June 21st, and can be extended until July 6th for fare.

Stop-over allowed at all stations going and returning. Account unrolling Lee Monument at Gettysburg June 8th Penna R. R. will operate special train to leave Washington 7:15 A. M. Friday, June 8th, fare for round-trip \$8.00. This rate also on sale for regular train service June 7th, 8th and 9th. For further information as to trip to Gettysburg, enquire after reaching Washington. In addition to special train service there are two regular Daily trains to Washington, reaching that point at 11:00 A. M. and 8:40 P. M. For information as to diverse and optional routes, also pullman reservations call on nearest P. & N. or Seaboard Agent, or write

C. S. Compton, TPA, S. A. L. Ry., Atlanta, Ga.

C. S. Allen, T. M. & P. N. Ry., Greenville, S. C.

Fred Geissler, Asst. G. A. L. Ry., Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Vernon Castle as Patria Channing

PATRIA International Serial

Mrs. Vernon Castle

The Best Dressed, Best Known Woman in America

"Patria" is ready for your verdict. We have told you what a master photograph it is; you have had an opportunity to read the first installment of the story. We are proud of the production and are willing to leave its fate in your hands. In addition to being the serial supreme, "Patria" introduces to motion picture audiences Mrs. Vernon Castle accompanied by an all-star cast including Milton Sills, Warner Oland, Dorothy Gair and Marie Walcamp. "Patria" is an ideal combination of the author at his best, and a cast unexcelled in photoplaydom.

Mr. Joseph Vance has written a story which is a supreme triumph. "Patria" is the finest expression of the best American spirit that our generation has given forth. Full of the thrills of hazardous adventure, unforgettable scenes of a concentration Americanism in Mrs. Vernon Castle, "Patria" easily holds the laurels of all day appealing to Americans. It is a picture which moves with the acting is true to life and the well developed plot is one you will enjoy.

at the

DREAMLAND

Wednesday May 9

and every Wednesday thereafter

Owing to the fact that this will be Chautauque week the show will open at 10:30 in the morning giving ladies a chance to witness "Patria" in the morning and attend the Chautauque in the afternoon.

Remember: Ladies Free from 10:30 A. M. until 6:00 P. M.

And also remember that the Star, Mrs. Vernon Castle, wears over half million dollars worth of costumes in this great serial.

WANTED.

Men for the United States Army between 18 and 40 years of age, to serve for the time our country is at war. Applicants will be accepted for Infantry, Cavalry, Field Artillery, Coast Artillery and Medical Department. The man applying here for examination are sent to Fort Screven, Georgia, where applicants are placed for training.

pay is \$15.00 a month, board, lodging, clothing, medical attention free, a chance to see this great picture, a good chance for promotion and an increasing pay.

Any man wishing to enlist before he is made so, will please see his postmaster or apply at 148 1/2 Morrison St., Spartanburg, S. C



# THE BIG STORE ARRIVAL OF NEW SUMMER DRESSES

We have just received 50 New Summer Dresses, and they are simply beautiful. Specially priced from \$5.00 to \$17.50. Call and see them.

## The S. M. Jones Company

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Cotton 1075  
Cotton Seed 75c

For Rent—Six room house on S. 10th street. Water, and lights. Mr. W. H. Haffner, 1075.

Prof. B. C. Riddle and A. H. Isaac, who passed the examination in Columbia last week for entrance to the officers' training camp at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., have been ordered to report for duty on May 14, and they expect to leave for the training camp Saturday. There has been some talk of closing the graded school on account of the fact that Prof. Riddle and Macaulay can not teach longer than the present week, but no action has yet been taken in the matter. It is understood that this subject will come up for consideration at a meeting of the board of trustees that will be held this afternoon.—York News.

Housekeeper! Do not fail to Read Large "Ad" of Chester Hardware Co. in this issue.

Miss Jane Lou Richey went over to Chester Saturday and spent Sunday with her sister, Miss Frances Richey who is in the Pryor hospital for treatment. Her friends will be glad to know she is doing nicely.—Abbeville Medium.

Sharpen Your Own Kitchen utensils in one of those grinding wheels at Chester Hardware Co.

C. D. Brown returned from Chester on Saturday and reported that Miss Louise was operated on for appendicitis on Friday and that it was successful. The news from her Monday was that she was making a most satisfactory recovery. This will be good news to her friends in the city.—Abbeville Medium.

Private Sims, of Company G First South Carolina Infantry, which is located at the Fair Grounds, is at a local hospital suffering from a bullet wound received a few days ago while on guard duty at one of the railroad bridges. Private Sims accidentally shot himself in the leg while handling one of Upple Sam's specials.

Have You Placed Your Order for that Refrigerator? See Chester Hardware Co.

There was genuine sorrow at the military camp, at the Fair Grounds, a few days ago when an automobile struck the Company's fire bell, do sending him to the place where all road dogs go.

R. H. Rice, a white man was arrested yesterday at the Gravel Mill No. 1 by officers McKinnon and Tindrow on the charge of entering a bar. He was locked up in the city prison and will be given a hearing as soon as he asks for one. He stated this morning that he was not ready for trial. It is charged that Rice attempted to get a number of employees of the mill to go to Great Falls where they would be given increased wages. A large power plant employs a number of men at the Falls. Rice is understood to have been in Greenwood about three days.—Greenwood Journal.

Mrs. F. M. Hicklin was called to Columbia to assist in organizing the 700th Central Postal Directory of the National League for Women's Service. She was the guest of Mrs. Richard J. Manning.

Mr. J. G. Howie and little son, Chariton are spending the week in

Richburg on account of the illness of Mrs. W. B. Gladden.

Since the quart-month law went into effect on the night of April 24th, eleven people have applied to Judge of Probate Wise for certificates. In order to secure the whiskey one must not only secure a permit from the Judge of Probate but must also present same at the express office for delivery and be made. A colored woman recently applied to the Judge for a permit and it was ascertained that she was married however, she claims to be the head of the family and the Judge has referred this matter to the Attorney General for a decision. In other words, Judge can't deliver the whiskey until the Attorney General has decided.

There being a deficit of approximately \$2000 the amount of tickets sold at the Rodolph Chautauque a meeting of the guarantors, of which there are 100, was held in the Court House yesterday morning at which time it was decided that each guarantor would receive one ticket at a price of \$2.00 being requested to sell same at not less than the regular price, which is \$2.50.

Mr. Robert McIninch, of the Woodward Baptist church community, died at his home in that section Saturday and was buried in the Woodward Baptist church graveyard Sunday. Mr. McIninch was 68 years of age and was a Confederate Veteran. He lived a very quiet, unassuming life but had a number of warm friends in the community in which he lived.

Dr. Kennell, of Rock Hill, is a Chester Visitor today.

Miss Myrtle Simpson of Clifton is the guest of Miss Stuart Shannon.

We have contracted with the American Press Association for actual photographs of the latest current events. These photographs will include the latest and most important events of the great European war, and will be shown regularly in our windows. You are invited to visit us and keep posted on the latest news. Chester Hardware Co.

"At a meeting of the guarantors of the Chautauque, held at the Court House Monday morning the committee reported that the amount of \$1517.50 had been realized from the sale of season tickets, and reserved seats. The amount that is to be raised is \$1775. \$1750 being the amount of the contract and \$25 for lot rent. The guarantors present decided by unanimous vote that each guarantor should take one ticket and by so doing would be relieved of further liability. This is with the distinct understanding that the ticket is to be sold by the guarantor for \$2.50 or given away, the price under no circumstances to be cut by the guarantor. Guarantors may obtain their ticket from J. H. Glenn or the ticket committee.

"At the Camping Grounds of Co. G. Grand being held on Sunday morning, the services were held in the large auditorium of the building and a large crowd was present. The building cost approximately \$32,000 and is one of the handsomest structures of its kind in the South. Dr. J. O. Rice, of Columbia, who was to have presided was unable to attend on account of illness and Dr. A. D. Gilmore, of Spartanburg, who presided at the religious service also presided.

"At night exercises were held in the new building at which Dr. Gilmore also presided. Dr. D. G. Pail, pastor of the A. R. P. church, Dr. H. A. Bagby, pastor of the First

The Memorial Day Exercises.

The following is the program for the Memorial Day exercises to be held at the opera house Thursday morning, May 5, 1916. The exercises will be held at 10 o'clock. The program is as follows: Prayer—Rev. C. C. Herbert. Music. Collection.

Orator—Rhoda W. Wall, Esq. The public is cordially invited to attend the exercises, and all are asked to contribute flowers. Chester Hardware Co. will have charge of the march to the cemetery. The order of march will be as follows: Speaker, Chester Chapter, U. D. C., Walker-Gaston Club, U. D. C., and other veterans, public schools, citizens, etc.

Death of Joshua L. Abell.

The whole community was saddened yesterday afternoon when it was learned that this genial and kind-hearted gentleman had passed beyond the range of mortal vision and that his friends would never see his familiar face again. Mr. Abell was a well known and sympathetic man in his manner which made him one of our best beloved citizens; always ready to respond to any duty that devolved on him as a friend.

Mr. Abell has been in bad health for some time and about five weeks ago entered a hospital in Charleston where he underwent an operation after which, he returned to Chester but other complications set in and after a few days of suffering he passed away. He was one of Chester county's most progressive farmers and always took an active part in the affairs of the community. He was recently appointed as one of the commissioners of the Chester County Highway Commission to handle the building of highways in this county.

Mr. Abell was 68 years of age and was a native of the Cape Fear River section of this county. He was an elder in the Lowryville Presbyterian church and always took an active part in all church affairs and will be sorely missed by those with whom he was intimately associated in the different branches of church work.

The funeral services will be conducted this afternoon at the Lowryville Presbyterian church after which the body will be laid to rest in the cemetery.

Mr. Abell is survived by his wife and the following children: Dr. Robert E. Abell and Mrs. J. L. Davidson, of this city; Mrs. J. L. Young, of Clifton; and Messrs. S. S. and C. B. Abell, and Miss Lettie Abell, of Lowryville.

Miss Ina Harrell is expected home tomorrow from King's Mountain, N. C., where she has been visiting.

Sunday School Building Dedicated.

The beautiful new Sunday school building of the First Presbyterian church was formally dedicated Sunday morning. The services were held in the large auditorium of the building and a large crowd was present. The building cost approximately \$32,000 and is one of the handsomest structures of its kind in the South.

Dr. J. O. Rice, of Columbia, who was to have presided was unable to attend on account of illness and Dr. A. D. Gilmore, of Spartanburg, who presided at the religious service also presided.

### SELECTIVE DRAFT CARDS.

Selective draft cards are being mailed out by the War Department to the various towns and cities throughout the United States preparatory to taking the military census which will be called for a few days after the selective draft bill is signed by President Wilson.

The card is as follows: 1—Name in full. 2—Age in years. 3—Home address. 4—Date of birth. 5—Are you a natural born citizen? 6—Are you a citizen of the United States? 7—What is your present trade, occupation or office. 8—By whom employed. 9—Where employed. 10—What is your father, mother, wife, child under 12, or a sister or brother under 12, solely dependent on you for support (specify which). 11—What military service have you had. Rank. Length of years, nation or state. 12—Do you claim exemption from draft (specify ground).

If the person filling the card is of African descent the left hand corner of the card must be torn.

### SOLDIER KILLED ON GUARD DUTY

Kingsport, May 7.—Gilliam D. Hall, Company M, First regiment, S. C. N. G., while on guard duty, was killed by a train at a trestle near Kingsport, between the hours of midnight and 4 a. m. this morning.

"His body was found by the relief guard at 4 a. m. face down in the deep furrow. The tracks that he was badly burned. It seems that as he stood with his back to the train he was struck on the head by the car struck him in the head as he was passing.

The fire, there was a small wound on the side of his head and the barrel of his rifle bore evidence of a violent blow. He was 20 years of age, a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Abell, of Kingsport. He had served on the Mexican border and was a young man of the highest type of Christian character, loved and respected by all who knew him. The body was taken to Camden Monday afternoon for burial. The Boy Scouts in uniform carrying a United States flag escorted the body to the depot and Capt. Young came from Florence this morning to accompany the remains to Camden.

On last Friday night the Presbyterian Young Peoples Christian Endeavor Society, had a Pound Party at Miss Pryor. Her husband was a most enjoyable affair. An abundance of delicious refreshments were served. The soldiers of Company G were invited and many of them were present.

REAR ADMIRAL SIMS AT PARIS CONFERENCE

Paris, May 6.—Rear Admiral William Sims, U. S. N., represented the United States at an important conference of the Entente Allies held in Paris during the last few days. Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, commander of the British forces in France, also attended the conference.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Dr. H. B. Malone has moved his office from The Pryor Hotel to the Acme Building Room No. 3 second floor. Office Phone No. 5 Residence No. 293.

ALUMINUM

8-qt. General Utility Kettle for Cooking, Rice or Grits, for Pot-roasting, Preserving, Steaming, etc., and 6-cup Kettle Pan—Regularly \$2.65

Both for ONLY \$1.67

and the Coupon if presented on or before date stamped on Coupon.

The Acme Pan only, 8-qt.

Over 700,000 sold. All other brands are NOT full size.

"Wear-Ever" actually are made from thick hard steel aluminum—have no coating—no sweet clip, steel, or rust. Their wonderful durability saves the expense and annoyance of continually buying new cooking utensils. Forks, spoons, etc., may be cooked in a "Wear-Ever" Kettle without staining.

Refuse substitutes

Supply is Limited! Clip the Coupon! Buy Early!

"Wear-Ever" Coupon

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS or FEVER, and it does not hurt the system, and it takes time to make the Fever will not run on the liver, but on the stomach and does not grip or colic, 25c

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### LANCASTER COUNTY NEWS.

G. F. Watson of Rock Hill has been elected to the city to accept a position with the First National bank of Lancaster. Mr. Watson has been connected with the National Union bank in Rock Hill and comes here very highly recommended. It is expected that he will prove valuable to the local banking institution.

A brief meeting of the Lancaster city council took place, Wednesday afternoon at which time council accepted the resignation of Patrolman Gribble as a member of the police and P. C. Nelson of Lancaster was chosen to fill the position thus made vacant. This city clerk was authorized to purchase some furniture for the new municipal office and then the meeting adjourned.

A letter has been addressed to Congressman W. F. Stevenson by the Lancaster Chamber of Commerce urging that the "Congressman" from the Fifth district make every effort to secure an additional \$25,000 for the erection of a postoffice building here. The original appropriation was \$50,000 and when the bids for the erection of the building were opened April 11 it was found that the sum was insufficient. It is generally hoped that the congressman may be able to secure the additional sum needed.

The Lancaster Mills on Tuesday let the contract for the erection of a handsome new club house at the mills. The building will cost approximately \$20,000 by the time it is completed and it will be one of the handsomest company houses to be found in South Carolina. The lower floor of the building will be devoted to a library, a reading room, and a bath, while the upper floor will consist of a magnificent auditorium where amateur theatricals will be held and lectures and addresses delivered. The auditorium will have a seating capacity of over 500, with a large stage, scenery and comfortable seats. The mill operatives are enthusiastically over the fact that they will have such a magnificent building.

### REAR ADMIRAL SIMS AT PARIS CONFERENCE

Paris, May 6.—Rear Admiral William Sims, U. S. N., represented the United States at an important conference of the Entente Allies held in Paris during the last few days. Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, commander of the British forces in France, also attended the conference.

### PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Dr. H. B. Malone has moved his office from The Pryor Hotel to the Acme Building Room No. 3 second floor. Office Phone No. 5 Residence No. 293.

### ALUMINUM

8-qt. General Utility Kettle for Cooking, Rice or Grits, for Pot-roasting, Preserving, Steaming, etc., and 6-cup Kettle Pan—Regularly \$2.65

Both for ONLY \$1.67

and the Coupon if presented on or before date stamped on Coupon.

The Acme Pan only, 8-qt.

Over 700,000 sold. All other brands are NOT full size.

"Wear-Ever" actually are made from thick hard steel aluminum—have no coating—no sweet clip, steel, or rust. Their wonderful durability saves the expense and annoyance of continually buying new cooking utensils. Forks, spoons, etc., may be cooked in a "Wear-Ever" Kettle without staining.

Refuse substitutes

Supply is Limited! Clip the Coupon! Buy Early!

"Wear-Ever" Coupon

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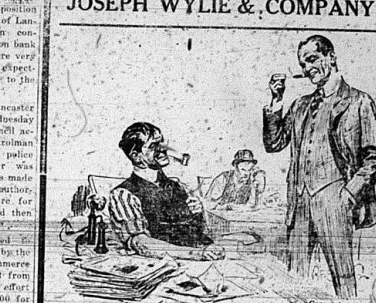
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### JOSEPH WYLIE & COMPANY



## Your Store and Ours

This store belongs to us, but its no good to us unless its your store too. To be your store it must contain the Clothes you want to wear, it must be arranged for your comfort and it must do business in a way satisfactory to you, having and holding your confidence.

Lots of men—more every year—find that our store is their store. If it isn't already your store, come in and let us make it so.

### JOSEPH WYLIE & COMPANY

ALUMINUM

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# THE FLIGHT OF THE FARMER

Willsburg, S. C. May 6th, 1917.

Editor The News:

Please find space in your paper for these few lines of mine. The world is in war. The great war the world has ever known is upon us. The farmer has been in war with the speculator since 1914, when they took our cotton crop from us and almost bankrupted the farmer. Then the great flood came in 1915 and destroyed our corn crop. Then the speculator grabbed all our food stuffs and stored prices out of us and the farmers are not able to buy food for their stock and hams to make this crop for which there is no demand. However, we must struggle on and feed the world and carry the burden on our shoulders without the least bit of help.

We have been looking in the loan banks for cheap money but have been carried all the other way. If I were to find him first as the speculators have hoarded up money by robbing the farmers until they have almost brought starvation to their own doors. So what have they gained after all. What is money when there is nothing to buy?

The old "dollar hoarder" is the backbone of the world and has the burden of the world to carry, so let us go on and work with an apron and feed the world by the help of God while they fight until they are left the bottom of the ocean, which will be the case when they try to cross the ocean to go to France.

Why should our government try to take our boys to France? Why not just line them up and wait until our enemies come to our shores and then pour the lead lead to them. If you feed our boys to the fish and then they come to our shores, they are lost. The boys will not be left to feed our enemies on hot heads we still be in a lark.

Well, I don't want our government to think that I am trying to dictate to them for they should know best but to do by I am just afraid they will venture just a little too far and feel themselves to the fish.

John R. Paro.

## ADMINISTRATION NOTICE

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF CHESTER.

By A. W. Wise, Esquire, Probate Judge.

Whereas, Samuel E. McFadden and J. C. McFarlane have made suit to me to grant Letters of Administration of the Estate of and effects of Hoknan C. Caldwell, deceased.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the heirs and creditors of the said Hoknan C. Caldwell, deceased, that they be and appear before me in the Court of Probate, to be held at Chester Court House, on Wednesday, May 16th, 1917, next after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand, this 15th day of May A. D. 1917.

A. W. WISE, Judge of Probate.

Published on the 15th day of April, 1917, in The Semi-Weekly News.

## MEETING THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

Timely Topic to be Discussed on Chautauqua Here by One Who Has Made a Close Study of Foods and Labor Conditions.

GEORGE L. MCINTYRE, the "dinner man" who is to speak at the Chautauqua here on "Meeting the High Cost of Living," says that the tragedy of the city is that it gets the writer from the soil. Mr. McIntyre has made numerous interesting experiments in gardening. The accompanying photograph shows him in a white garden which he planted and cultivated while a resident of Valparaiso, Ind.

The garden was one of the show spots of the city. Only 60 by 10 feet. It was made on ground over 200 years old and at the time of the Civil War. This was done by constant, intensive, intensive, intensive cultivation of the ground. The garden was one of the show spots of the city. Only 60 by 10 feet. It was made on ground over 200 years old and at the time of the Civil War. This was done by constant, intensive, intensive, intensive cultivation of the ground.

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# NOTICE OF SALE OF COUNTY BONDS

Sealed bids, at not less than par and accepted interest, will be received by the undersigned at the office of R. S. McNamee, Chairman, Chamber of Commerce, Chester, S. C., until noon, May 15, 1917, when they will be opened for the purchase of all or any part of Four Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$450,000) High-way Improvement Bonds by Chester County, S. C., to be dated January 1st, 1917, and to mature on the 1st of January, 1927, as follows: \$7,000 in 1918, \$8,000 in 1919, 1920 and 1921, \$9,000 in 1922 and 1923, \$10,000 in 1924 and 1925, \$11,000 in 1926, 1927, 1928, \$12,000 in 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932 and 1933, \$13,000 in 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 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